

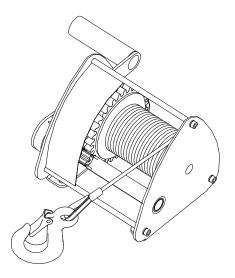
BRANO a.s, 747 41 Hradec nad Moravicí Czech Republic

tel.:+420/ 553 632 318, 553 632 345 fax:+420/ 553 632 407, 553 632 151 http://www.brano.cz info@brano.cz

OPERATION MANUAL SECURITY PRINCIPLES, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE FOR

ROPE WINCH

LN type Load capacity 0,5 t and 1t





Peruse the Operation Manual prior to use of this product. It comprehends substantial security instructions and instructions for use, installation and maintenance of the product. Ensure the Operation Manual is available for all responsible persons.

Keep for next usage!

Edition 1 MARCH 2006 Registration number 1-54307-0-1



CONTENT

1. SECURITY DEFINITION	3
2. DEVICE APPLICATION	3
3 SECURITY PRINCIPLES	4
3.1 SECURITY PRINCIPLES OVERVIEW	
3.2. SECURITY PRINCIPLES	
4 ACCESSORIES, PACKING, STORAGE AND HANDLING	6
4.1. ACCESSORIES	
4.2 PACKING	
4.3 STORAGE	
4.4 HANDLING	6
5 MAIN SPECIFICATIONS	7
5.1 MECHANICAL CLASSIFICATION	
5.2. MATERIAL AND FINISH	8
5.3 DATA ON THE PRODUCT	9
6 WINCH INSTALLATION	9
6.1 CHECK BEFORE INSTALLATION	
6.2 WINCH ATTACHMENT	
6.4 INSTRUCTIONS FOR WINCH OPERATING STAFF	
6.5 TEST PRIOR TO USE	
7 OPERATION	
7.1 WINCH APPLICATION	
7.3 SAFETY WORK ENVIRONMENT	
8 WINCH INSPECTION	
8.1 INSPECTION	
8.2 INSPECTION PROCEDURE	16
9 TROUBLE-SHOOTING	19
10 GREASING	19
10.1 GENERAL	19
10.2 GEARS	
10.3 ROPE	19
11 MAINTENANCE	20
11.1 SECURITY PRINCIPLES	
11.2 ROPE REPLACEMENT	
11.3 GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS	
11.5 CHECK UP	
11.6 REPAIR	
11.7 TEST	22
12 PUTTING OUT OF OPERATION – DISPOSAL	23
13 RELATED DOCUMENTATION	23
14 FINAL REQUIREMENTS OF THE PRODUCER TO THE CUSTOMER	23
EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY	24

1. SECURITY DEFINITION

! HAZARD Hazard: it adverts to an imminent hazardous situation, which will inflict a death or serious injury, if the operation personnel do not avoid it.

! WARNING Warning: it adverts to a possible hazardous situation, which could inflict a death or serious injury, if the operation personnel do not avoid it.

! NOTICE

Notice: it adverts to a possible hazardous situation, which could inflict any minor or slight injury, if the operation personnel do not avoid it. The notice can warn against hazardous practices as well.

Load capacity (Q): is the maximum permitted weight (working load limit), by which the winch can be loaded when handling with a load on conditions specified in this Operation Manual.

2. DEVICE APPLICATION

- **2.1** The LN type rope winch with load capacity 0,5t and 1t (hereinafter referred as to winch) is designed to pulling, lifting and lowering of free loads on conditions specified by the Operation Manual.
- **2.2** The winch by its design meets requirements provided by Directive 98/37/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as amended by the Czech technical regulation ministerial order No. 24/2003 of the Collection of Laws as amended and requirements of the ČSN EN ISO 12100-1, ČSN EN ISO 12100-2, ČSN EN 1050 and ČSN EN 13157 harmonized technical standards as well.
- **2.3** The winch by its design meets requirements specified for the group I of devices (mine) of the M2 category according to the Directive 94/9/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as amended by the Czech technical regulation ministerial order No. 23/2003 of the Collection of Laws as amended as well as requirements of the ČSN EN 13463-1 harmonized technical standard and complies with conditions for use in "hazardous atmospheric conditions 2" environment according to the ČSN EN 1127-2 standard with the limitation according to the national regulation CBM (Czech Bureau of Mine) regulation No.22/89 of Collection of Law § 232 section (1) c) up to 1,5% of mine gas accumulation.
- **2.4** The winch by its design meets requirements specified for the group II of devices (non-mine) of the categories 2 and 3 according to the Directive 94/9/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as amended by the Czech technical regulation ministerial order No. 23/2003 of the Collection of Laws as amended as well as requirements of the ČSN EN 13463-1 harmonized technical standard and complies with conditions for use in "zone 1 and zone 21", "zone 2 and zone 22" environments according to the ČSN EN 1127-1 standard.

Note: 2.3 and 2.4 articles apply for a winch designed for use in an environment with explosion hazard.

! WARNING

Safe working load of the winch when lifting and lowering of loads is reduced in half, see the table in point 7.1. Specific cases of its application are necessary to be consulted with the producer.

3 SECURITY PRINCIPLES

3.1 SECURITY PRINCIPLES OVERVIEW

A hazard of an accident and serious injury exists when handling loads especially in the event that the winch is used in a wrong way or is badly maintained. Therefore it is necessary to observe special security measures when handling, assembling, maintaining and checking the winch.

! WARNING

NEVER use the winch for lifting and transport of persons.

NEVER lift or transport loads above people or close to them.

NEVER burden the winch more than is the load capacity indicated on the winch, see table in

the article 7.1.

ALWAYS make sure that a load bearing structure safely holds the fully loaded winch and all

lifting operations.

ALWAYS warn persons in neighborhood before starting work.

ALWAYS read the operation manual and security instructions.

Bear in mind that the operation staff is responsible for faultless technique of tying, lifting and pulling of loads. Hence verify all national directives, regulations and standards whether they contain other information on safety work with your winch.

3.2. SECURITY PRINCIPLES

! WARNING

3.2.1 Prior to use

ALWAYS ensure the winch would be operated by physically fit, qualified and instructed

persons older than 18 years, familiarized with the Operation Manual and trained in

security of work and method of operation.

ALWAYS check up the winch every day before starting work according to the section 8.2. (1)

"Daily inspection".

ALWAYS make sure that the rope length is adequate for intended work.

ALWAYS use only an original rope.

ALWAYS ensure the rope is unrusted, undistorted, clean and undamaged.

NEVER handle loads fixed fast or of unknown weight.

NEVER tension the rope without knowledge of necessary stretching forces.

NEVER use the defective or outworn winch.

NEVER use ropes with jumped out, damaged or missing trigger of the hook.

NEVER use the winch without visible load capacity marking on the winch.

NEVER use modified or deformed hooks.

NEVER connect or lengthen the rope by means of clamps or another way.

NEVER use the winch marked with the label "OUT OF OPERATION".

ALWAYS consult the producer or his authorized representative about any application of the

winch in nonstandard or extreme environment.

3.2.2 When in use

ALWAYS remove a deflection and rope loops before starting to lift or pull.

ALWAYS make sure the load is properly hitched over the hook.

ALWAYS make sure the hook trigger is properly snapped.

ALWAYS pay attention to excessive lifting or lowering (the end position – to unreel the rope

only to a red sign on the rope).

ALWAYS work with the winch only with man power. Do not lengthen the crank.

NEVER use the jack for stretching or anchoring of loads.

NEVER allow the load sways or gives rise to impacts or vibrations.

NEVER use the rope of the winch as a tying instrument.

NEVER hang a load on the hook point.

NEVER pull the rope over any edge. Use the pulley.

NEVER weld, cut or carry out other operations on the hitched load.

NEVER use the rope to ground connection when welding. **NEVER** work with the winch if the rope is hacked or hitched.

NEVER handle the rope without gloves.

NEVER touch movable parts of the winch while in operation. Ensure any

subjects or other their parts do not get into the toothing.

3.2.3 After use

NEVER leave a hitched load without control or reliably secured.

3.2.4 Risk analysis

The possible risks analysis in light of design, operation and environment of the winch appointment is presented in freestanding document "Risk analysis". It is possible to require the document in service centers.

3.2.5 Maintenance

ALWAYS make possible to competent persons to carry out any regular inspection of the winch

ALWAYS ensure the rope is clean and undamaged.

ALWAYS ensure the toothing is sufficiently greased.

ALWAYS consult the producer or his authorized representative about the application of the winch in nonstandard or extreme environment.

At maintenance only such interventions can be done, that will be in accordance with producer's requirements stated in the chapters 11 and 14 of this Operation Manual.

IT IS NOT PERMITTED to carry out repairs and maintenance in other manner than specified by the producer. It concerns namely the forbiddance of using of unoriginal spare parts or carrying out modifications on the product without the approval of the producer.

4 ACCESSORIES, PACKING, STORAGE AND HANDLING

4.1. ACCESSORIES

The accessories of any winch are as follows:

- (1) Hand crank
- (2) Spring pin

4.2 PACKING

- **4.2.1** Winches are supplied with a dismounted crank and spring pin in a PE bag, packed in cardboard boxes. Winches are supplied already from the producer with wound on ropes on drums.
- **4.2.2** The following accompanying documentation is a part of the delivery:
 - a) Operation Manual
 - b) EC Declaration of Conformity
 - c) Quality and Completeness Certificates and Guarantee Certificate.
 - C1) Guarantee period is stated in the Guarantee Certificate.
 - C2) The guarantee does not apply to defects caused by infringement of the instructions stated in the Operation Manual and defects occurred by an improper application and unqualified action.
 - C3) The guarantee does not apply as well to modifications on the product or using of unoriginal spare parts without the approval of the producer.
 - C4) Reclaiming of product defects is carried out according to applicable provisions of the Commercial Code eventually as amended.
 - d) List of service centers (only for the Czech and Slovak Republics)

4.3 STORAGE

Store winches and ropes in dry and clean stores void of chemical impacts and noxious fumes. When storing a separate rope, ensure each rope is easy to identify and compare with inspections records.

- (1) Store always the winch without any load.
- (2) Wipe away all dust, water and impurities from the winch.
- (3) Grease the rope, toothing and spring of the hook trigger see the article 10.3.
- (4) Store the winch in a dry place.
- (5) In next use follow instructions in the article 8.1.2 "Daily inspection" and 8.1.4 "Winch occasionally used".

4.4 HANDLING

During transportation and handling, observe technical regulations and standards in force for work with heavy loads.

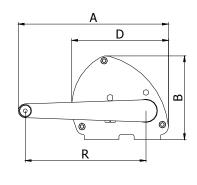
5 MAIN SPECIFICATIONS

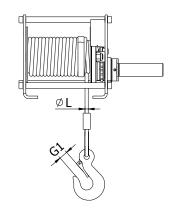
TAB 5A. SPECIFICATIONS

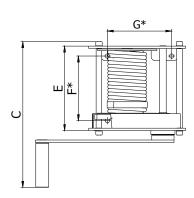
Туре	Load capacity (t)	Rope (mm)	Height of lift (m)	Gear ratio	Range of operating temperature	Actuating force on crank max. (N)	Weight of winch with rope (kg)
LN / 0,5t	0,5	Ø 5	10	1:8	-20°C	250	9
LN / 1t	1	Ø 8	10	1:6	to +50°C	320	14,5

TAB 5B. MAIN DIMENSIONS

type		Main dimensions (mm)								
	A B C D E F* G* G1 L R								R	
LN/0,5t	264	167	344	193	186	144	115	19	5	200
LN/ 1t 373 207 460 240 209 160 160 19 8 30								300		
*) hole distan	*) hole distances for anchoring of the rope winch									







5.1 MECHANICAL CLASSIFICATION

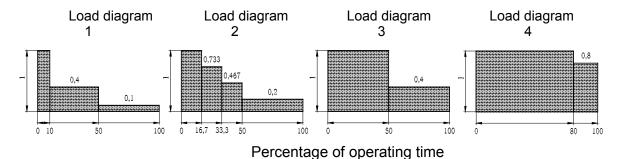
Safety and operation life of the winch is guaranteed provided that it works in accordance with prescribed classification.

The winch is designed for the 1Bm class according to the FEM 9.511 regulation – see tab. 5.1 (it complies with the mechanism classification M3 according to the ISO 4301/1 standard).

The load diagram specifies the average daily working time.

(i) Tab. 5.1 MECHANICAL CLASSIFICATION

Load diagram	Definition	Load	Average daily
(load distribution)		coefficient	working time (h)
1 (light)	Winches usually being subject to the low load and only in special cases to the maximum load.	k≤0,50	1 – 2
2) (mean	Winches usually being subject to the low load, but quite often to the maximum load	0,50< k ≤ 0,63	0,5 – 1
3 (heavy)	Winches usually being subject to the mean load, but frequently to the maximum load.	0,63< k ≤ 0,80	0,25 – 0,5
4 (very heavy)	Winches usually being subject to the maximum load or load approximating to the maximum.	0,80< k ≤ 1,00	0,12 – 0,25



5.2. MATERIAL AND FINISH

- 5.2.1 Main parts of the winch are manufactured from steel and cast iron, the brake liners from brass. The crank handle surface is form PVC.
- 5.2.2 A finish protection of the winch is performed by galvanized zinc coating.
- 5.2.3 Materials susceptible to a creation of an incentive spar within the meaning of the Annex No.2 Article 1.3.1 to the ministerial order No. 23/2003 of the Collection of Law and the ČSN EN 1127-2 article 6.4.4 and ČSN EN 13463-1 article 8.1 harmonized technical standards are not used in the winch design.
- 5.2.4 Materials with dangerous effects of static electricity within the meaning of the ČSN EN 1127-2 article 6.4.7, ČSN EN 1127-1 article 6.4.7, ČSN EN 13463-1 article 7.4.3 and ČSN 33 2030 are not used in the winch.

5.2.5 The product does not exceed the noise value specified in the Annex No.2 article 1.7.4 letter f of the ministerial order No. 24/2003 of the Collection of Law (EP and RE directive No. 98/37/EC).

Note: Articles 5.2.2 and 5.2.3 apply for winch finish to environment with explosion risk.

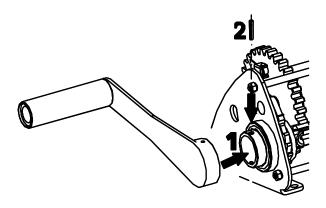
5.3 DATA ON THE PRODUCT

Each winch is equipped with the label with specified data as follows:

Standard finish:	Finish to environment with explosion risk:
Mark of the producer	Mark of the producer
Address of the producer	Address of the producer
Product type	Product type
Load capacity	Load capacity
Serial number	Serial number
Production year	Production year
CE marking	CE marking
	Protection type symbol (I M2 for group I , II 2G for group II)

6 WINCH INSTALLATION

After unpacking of the winch at first attach the hand crank. Put on the crank to the end of the drum hub (1) so that holes on the hub and crank mutually overlap. Then beat into the hole the enclosed spring pin (2) – see figure.



6.1 CHECK BEFORE INSTALLATION

6.1.1 Load bearing structure

! WARNING

ALWAYS

make sure that the load bearing structure is sufficiently firm to hold the load and winch. The installation must not be carried out on the structure, when the load capacity cannot be verified.

ALWAYS the user is responsible for the load bearing structure!

6.1.2 Check of rope

Check whether the rope is clean, undistorted and undamaged.

6.2 WINCH ATTACHMENT

! NOTICE

When attaching the winch to the load bearing structure respect utmost precaution and ensure proper conditions for safety installation pursuant to a character of the environment (working platform, auxiliary hoist etc.), so that jeopardy or injury of persons do not take place. When attaching the winch aloft use protective means against falls from the height. For the rope winch attachment use undamaged screws, pads and nuts.

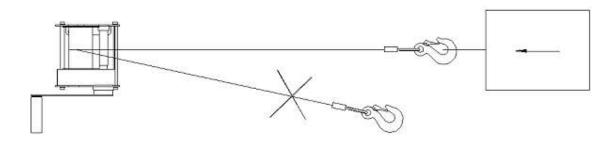
ALWAYS safeguard the winch attachment with all four screws.

ALWAYS safeguard the winch attachment so that the pulled load moves in winch axis.

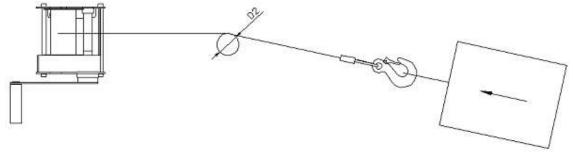
The user is responsible for creation of conditions for the winch installation!

6.3 WINCH POSITION WHEN PULLING AND LIFTING

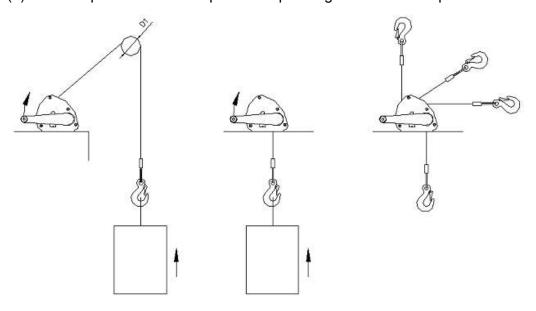
(1) The rope must be reeled up perpendicular to the winch drum.



(2) If the winch and load are not in-line when lifting or pulling a balancing pulley must be used for a rope guide. Minimum diameters of pulleys are specified in the tab.6.3.



(3) Possible positions of the rope when operating the winch are specified in the figure.



Tab.6.3

Load	Rope	Minimum dia	meter (mm)
capacity (t)	diameter (mm)	of pulley D ₁	of balancing
0,5	Ø 5	100	pulley D ₂ 63
1	Ø 8	160	100

6.4 INSTRUCTIONS FOR WINCH OPERATING STAFF

The lifting and lowering of a load can be interrupted in any height of the lift. A self-acting brake of the winch safeguards position stability.

6.4.1 Stretching and slacking of rope

By a rotation of the crank we stretch the rope and draw near the load. By change in direction of the crank rotation we then lower the load and slack off the rope.

! NOTICE

ALWAYS when reeling up the rope without any working load, use an auxiliary load of the weight c. 5kg or adequate power c. 50 N for safeguarding needful initial loading of the rope. Thereby you will ensure a proper placing of the rope on the drum which is a condition for the failure-free operation.

! WARNING

NEVER lift or lower the hook to end positions. When lowering always leave 3 coils of the rope at minimum on the drum. The minimum rope length which must stay reeled up on the drum is marked with a red strip on the rope.

6.5 TEST PRIOR TO USE

! NOTICE

At first read again the previous articles of this manual and make sure that all steps were correctly done and all parts are safety mounted.

- (1) Check whether the rope is not distorted.
- (2) Check the attachment of the hook with the rope and if the hook trigger is snapped.
- (3) Visually check the load bearing structure or suspension elements if they are not damaged.
- (5) By several rotation of the hand crank, test the function of the winch without working load.
- (6) Carry out several lifting and lowering with a suitable load (10% to 50% of the load capacity). At the same time, verify, whether the winch holds firmly the load without brake slipping when lowering and stopping.

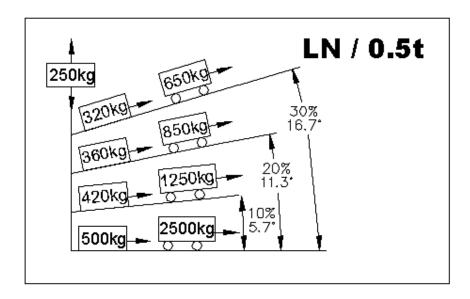
7 OPERATION

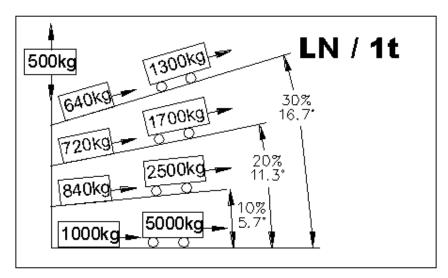
7.1 WINCH APPLICATION

The winch is multifunctional equipment destined for relocating and lifting of loads. It is operated by means of the hand crank. It is destined for both organizations and private persons. It can be used not only in normal environment, but also in environments of explosion risk, if the label contains a sign of the protection type – see articles 2.3 and 2.4 of this OM.

For the work with heavy loads can constitute an unexpected hazard, it is necessary to follow all "Security principles" according to the chapter 3 of this manual.

The dependence of changing of the load capacity of the winch is apparent from the following table and is valid for firm and smooth underlay:





! WARNING

NEVER handle a load by a diagonal pull of the rope (see 6.3.1). Slipping of the rope from the drum could happen.

7.2 LIFTING AND LOWERING

The lifting and lowering of loads is performed by the rotation of the crank in the appropriate sense. The lifting and lowering can be interrupted at any lift height.

! WARNING

At winches provided by longer rope (above 15m) hazardous heating of brake can happen when lowering a load in extraordinary cases (uninterrupted and rapid lowering). In such cases it is necessary to lower loads slowly and step-wise.

! WARNING

Never hook up a load to the winch without previous active jacking up of the load by a jack. The load can fall down from the reason of the released brake.

The winch brake is reliably activated at minimum loading from 2% up to 5% of the safe working load.

! NOTICE

When lifting loads being in the lifted state hooked over on other hosting device (crane, lift truck etc.) it is necessary to release the rope by the hand crank of the winch not by lifting of the load with the other hoisting device. Only the specified procedure guarantees trouble free releasing of the brake of the winch after taking off the load.

7.3 SAFETY WORK ENVIRONMENT

! WARNING

- (1) The operating personnel of the winch must be demonstrably acquainted with this Operation Manual, must comply with the valid security and hygienic regulations and must be entitled to the operation of this equipment.
- (2) At work with the winch the operating staff must be equipped with a protective helmet, gloves and appropriate footwear.
- (3) For tying of loads only verified tie means of appropriate load capacity must be used.
- (4) When operating by more persons always one employee trained in occupational safety and health must be determined as the responsible person for handling with the winch.
- (5) The operating personnel of the winch must have a free and enshrouded by anything view of the whole working area still before starting the work. If it is not possible, one or more persons close to the winch must help to supervise.
- (6) Before work initiation the operating personnel must check up, whether the whole working area is safety and whether there is a possibility of eventual escape from the environment of jeopardy.
- (7) When operating the winch the sufficient distance between the operating staff and a load must be observed. It is forbidden to lift or lower voluminous loads which disable to observe a sufficient distance.
- (8) If you work with the winch in a limited area you have to ensure the hook or load does not crash into any obstacle or winch's body.
- (9) When winding on the drum the rope must be close-coiled and must not be crosswise.

8 WINCH INSPECTION

8.1 INSPECTION

8.1.1 Inspections types

- (1) Introductory inspection: it precedes first use. The responsible competent person determined by the user must inspect all new or repaired winches to ensure the qualified fulfillment of requirements of this OM.
- (2) The winch inspections carried out regularly are generally divided into two groups according to inspections intervals. Intervals depend on the state of critical parts of the winch and its rate of wear, damage or malfunction. Two main groups are here marked as daily and regular ones. The appropriate intervals are defined as follows:
- (a) Daily inspection: visual inspection carried out by the operation staff determined by the user that is made at the beginning of each use.
- **(b)** Regular inspection: visual inspection carried out by the competent person determined by the user.
- 1) Current operation once a year,
- 2) Heavy operation every six month,
- 3) Special or occasional operation according to recommendations of the competent person at first use and according to the order of qualified employees (maintenance workers).

8.1.2 Daily inspection

Check up at parts recommended in the section 8.2(1) "Daily inspection", whether the winches are neither damaged nor have any defect. Carry out this inspection also during operation in the interval between regular inspections. Qualified employees will determine whether any defect or damage can constitute a hazard and whether the detailed inspection is necessary.

8.1.3 Regular inspection

Carry out overall inspections of the winch in a form of recommended regular inspections. At such inspections the winch can stay on its usual place and it need not be taken to parts. The recommended regular inspection stated in the section 8.2(2) must be performed under supervision of competent persons that will determine, whether the winch is necessary to be taken to parts. These inspections comprise also requirements of the daily inspection.

8.1.4 Winch occasionally used

- (1) Submit the winch not being in operation for a period of one month or longer but less than a year to inspection complying with requirements in section 8.1.2 before follow-up putting it into operation.
- (2) Submit he winch not being in operation for a period of one year to inspection complying with requirements in the section 8.1.3 before follow-up putting it into operation.
- (3) The rope must be checked up according to requirements in section 8.1.3 always before recovery of winch operation, if it was out of operation for more than 3 months.

8.1.5 Report on inspection

Keep the record of performed tests, repairs, inspections and maintenance of winches every time. Carry out dating reports on inspections in intervals specified in the section 8.1.1 (2) (b) and keep them in the place specified by the user.

The person responsible for safety and determined by the user must be advised of defects detected by the inspection or recorded during the operation.

8.2 INSPECTION PROCEDURE

(1) Daily inspection (carried out by operating start or responsible person)

PART	INSPECTION	LIMIT/CRITERION	REMEDY
17	METHOD	for putting out of	
		operation	
1. Winch function	Visually,	The winch goes hardly,	To clean up and grease
	aurally	stammers, emits noise	the winch, to check up
		etc.	the rope. If the defect
			will not be removed, get
			the jack repaired.
2. Fixative parts	Visual inspection of all	Faulty or missing parts;	To replace by new ones;
	screws, nuts, rivets etc.	Released parts	to retighten released parts
3. Hooks		Jumped out trigger from	Stretched hook –
(1) Appearance	Visually	hook point, crooked	replacement of hook
		hook shank or other	with rope
		visible hook	
		deformations	
(2) Hook trigger	By manual spring-back	Trigger do not return	
()	of trigger	after pressing	To clean up and grease,
			repair or replacement
4. Rope	Visually check up whole	Dust, impurity,	To clean up with brush,
Appearance	rope	deformation, abnormal	grease and wipe surface
		wear, corrosion	with swab
			D 1 1 1
	X	Damaged or deformed rope, abnormal wear,	Replacement of rope with hook
		corrosion	WILLI LIOOK
		COTTOSION	
(1) Greasing	Visually	Rope is not greased	To clean up and grease
(., 5.53519	1.500,		rope, wipe surface with
			swab
(2) Rope adjustment	Visual inspection if rope	Rope is distorted or	
	is not distorted	crooked	Straighten rope and
			adjust it to normal
			position

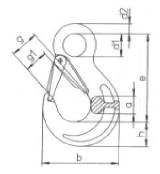
(2) Regular inspection (carried out by competent person)

PART	INSPECTION	LIMIT/CRITERION	REMEDY
	METHOD	for putting out of operation	
1. Fixative parts	Visual inspection of all screws, nuts, rivets etc.	Faulty or missing parts;	Replace by new ones;
		Released parts	To retighten released parts
2. All parts	Visual inspection	Outworn or damaged parts;	Replace by new ones;
		Fouled and ungreased parts	To take to parts, clean up, grease and reassemble
3. Label – marking of load capacity on the jack	Visual inspection	Load capacity is not readable	To repair or replace by new one
4. Hooks (1) Hook deformation (opening)	Measure size "g" with caliper Visual inspection	Measured value is greater than stated in tab.8.5	Replacement of hook with rope
See tab. 8.2.1	Viodal mopositori	Deformation is visible at visual inspection	Replacement of hook with rope
(2) Hook wear	Measure size "e", "h" and "d ₂ " " with caliper	If size "e", "h" or "d ₂ " decreases for more than stated in tab. 8.5	Replacement of hook with rope
6. Rope attachment	Inspection of tightening of screws	End of rope is not sufficiently attached to drum	To tighten fixative screws
7. Pawl - function	Visual inspection when lifting	Pawl do not snap behind dents of ratchet	To clean up and grease or change spring

8. Rope - criteria for putting it out of operation	(1) Number of visible broken wires – see table 8.2.2 Carry out inspection of whole rope length. Put rope out of operation, when several broken wires concur close to each other, so that they create a group in given place or if whole rope strand pulls apart.	Replacement of rope with hook
	 (2) Rope diameter reducing – maximum by 10%. (3) Outside wear - rope diameter reducing owing to galling, by surface wear, inside wear etc., it can be maximum by 7% from nominal diameter of rope. (4) Rope corrosion (outside and inside). (5) Rope deformation – visible change of rope shape against its normal shape. (6) Defect caused by fire or electric arc. At all inspections individual factors must be considered when keeping under review particular 	Replacement of rope with hook Replacement of rope with hook

8.2.1 Table for evaluation of rope deformation

Hook with eye								
Hook type	Size "e" (mm)		Size "h" (mm)		Size "g" (mm)		Size "d ₂ " (mm)	
	nom.	max.	nom.	min.	nom.	max.	nom.	min.
HS 5-6	80	84	20	18	25	27,5	8,5	7,65



8.2.2 TABLE FOR EVALUATION OF ROPE DAMAGE

Rope diameter		Controlled length	Max. number of broken
(mm)		(mm)	wires
	1.	30	5
Ø 5	2.	150	10
	1.	48	5
Ø 8	2.	240	10

^{1.} Check on the length stated in the line 1; if maximum is gained we continue to check as to line 2.

9 TROUBLE-SHOOTING

Situation	Cause of trouble	Remedy
Winch lifts heavily or does not lift the load	(1) Winch is overloaded.	(1) Decrease weight of load up to safe working load.
	(2) Damaged tooth gear.	(2) Check up components according to chap. "Maintenance"
2. Hand crank spins free.	Pin destruction. Destruction of weld joint drumtoothed wheel (0,5t) ,pinion-shaft (1t)	Pin replacement. Drum replacement. Pinion shaft replacement.
3. Characteristic sound is not heard when snapping pawl to dents of ratchet.	(1) Loss of pawl function.(2) Corrosion, impurities, blow	(1) Pawl spring replacement.(2) Cleanup, spring replacement.
4. Hook trigger does not snap.	out spring. (1) Damaged trigger.	(1) Repair trigger.
	(2) Deformated hook.	(2) Check up hook – see "Daily inspection".
5. Hand crank heavily rotates when unreeling.	Brake liners are outworn, choked by impurity.	Cleanup, check of liners thickness– according to state - replacement. Put up repair to skilled workshop – according to service centers list

10 GREASING

10.1 GENERAL

Before application of new grease remove old grease from the toothed wheel gear, clean up components with grease solvent and apply new grease. Use grease specified by the producer. Clean the rope with a brush or by steam.

10.2 GEARS

Remove the old grease and replace with a new one. Use the PM-A2 vaseline or its equivalent.

10.3 ROPE

Faultive maintenance and insufficient greasing of the rope considerably decreases its operation life and can cause a serious accident. Lay on a film of oil on the rope and wipe off by a swab. Regular greasing precludes the wear and corrosion of the rope and extends its operation life.

! NOTICE

ALWAYS grease the rope once a week or more often according to operation exigency.

ALWAYS grease more often in a corrosive environment salt water, oceanic climate, acids

etc.) than under ordinary circumstances.

ALWAYS use table oil according to ISO – VG 46 or VG 48 or their equivalent.

ALWAYS after greasing wipe thoroughly the rope surface by a swab.

NEVER use cleansing liquid on an acid base.

11 MAINTENANCE

11.1 SECURITY PRINCIPLES

With the exception of a rope replacement, only qualified persons (service organizations), trained in safety and maintenance of these winches, can carry out the maintenance, professional inspections and tests.

ALWAYS use entirely components supplied by the producer.

It is not permitted to carry out repairs and maintenance other way than specified by the producer. It means namely the forbiddance of using unoriginal spare parts or carrying out of modifications on the product without the approval of the producer.

ALWAYS test winch function after carrying out maintenance by partial winding-off and

winding-on of the rope.

ALWAYS mark disabled or repaired winch with the appropriate inscription (i.e. "OUT OF

OPERATION").

NEVER carry out maintenance if there is a load attached to the winch.

NEVER work with the winch being under repair!

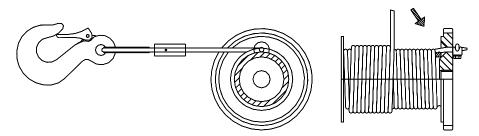
11.2 ROPE REPLACEMENT

1) LN/0,5t

Unreel the rope from the drum, dismount the rope clamp and remove the old rope. The end of the rope run through a hole of the drum face and mount the rope clamp again to the rope.

We leave first thread groove free and start to reel up the rope from second thread groove.

2) LN/1t



Unreel the old rope from the drum, loosen the nut of the rope screw (wrench access to the nut through a hole in a side plate) and remove the old rope.

An end of a new rope run through the hole of the rope screw placed in the hole of the drum face. By tightening of the nut the end of the rope is fixed. By rotation of the crank then reel the rope on the drum so that the rope is reeled from above the drum.

When reeling it is necessary to educe in the rope a counter extension c. 50 – 100 N by means of suitable load (weight). It is necessary to work with some helper that ensures continuous preload of the rope and correct guidance on the drum.

! WARNING

ALWAYS mount a new rope only in above mentioned manner. Other manner of the rope attachment on the drum can cause no functionality of the brake or pawl (!), eventually higher stress of elements of the winch attachment to the load bearing structure.

ALWAYS reel a new rope with necessary preload and be particular in correct laying it on the drum. The slack and cruciate rope has considerably lower life duration.

11.3 GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Following instructions give general important information on disassembly, check up, repair and assembly. If the winch was dismounted from any reason act upon the instructions as follows.

- 1. **ALWAYS** perform maintenance in clean environment.
- 2. **ALWAYS** keep the workplace clean and without foreign substances that can get into bearings and other movable parts.
- 3. **ALWAYS** use appropriate pads for protection of parts surfaces, if you intend to squeeze single parts in a vice.
- 4. **NEVER** disassemble the winch more than it is necessary to carrying out of needful repair.
- 5. **NEVER** use excessive power when dismantling parts.
- 6. **NEVER** use heat (fire) as the mean when dismantling parts, if the parts are destined for next use.

11.4 BRAKE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTING

Dismount the hand crank (2) from the carrier hub after expression of the spring pin (1) and dismount the back side plate (3) – after screwing out screws from distance rods.

We take off the back side plate from the winch. Then it is possible to take off from the face side plate the set of the toothed shaft with the brake (4).

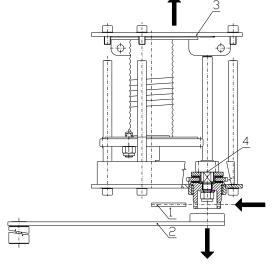
We dismount the nut (6), take off the pad (7) and from the toothed shaft we screw off a carrier segment (8). Then we dismount by steps from the shaft the braking liner (9), ratchet (10), second braking liner (9) and support plate (11).

We perform the assembly of braking device by an opposite procedure.

Brake adjusting:

After check up and assembly it is necessary to adjust the axial brake clearance.

We retighten slightly the carrier segment (8) so that between brake parts (9-11) the minimum clearance is set. Then we screw on the nut (6) and also slightly tighten. After assembling of the set of the toothed

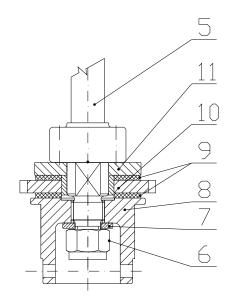


shaft with the brake between side plates and before put on of the hand crank we loosen the nut (6) by $\frac{1}{4}$ thread. Then we mount the hand crank and verify the brake function. Correctly adjusting brake has free travel approximately between $10^{\circ} - 15^{\circ}$. After adjusting it is necessary to test the winch at loading by testing load.

11.5 CHECK UP

ALWAYS check up all dismounted parts, whether they are suitable for next use.

- 1. Check up all toothed gearing including the shaft whether they are not worn-out or have no chutes or fissures.
- 2. Check up, whether threaded parts have no damaged thread.
- 3. Clean up the braking liners (9), ratchet (10), catch pawl and thrust washer (11) by a wire brush and check up their state.
- 4. Measure a thickness of the braking liners (see following table).
- It is necessary to replace braking liners with thickness less than limiting one. Regardless of the thickness replace also the liners with surface considerably chaved.



Liner thickness	Limit	Wear
(mm)	(mm)	(mm)
2,5	2	0,5

6. Check up especially the rope inflicting troubles most often.

11.6 REPAIR

Worn-out or damaged parts must be replaced.

Remove little burrs and scratches or other minor surface defects and flatten out with fine grinder or abrasive cloth.

11.7 TEST

The load test must be performed at all repaired winches by qualified person with the load exceeding the load capacity by 10% for verification of function and brake of the winch.

12 PUTTING OUT OF OPERATION – DISPOSAL

All winch types do not contain any noxious agents. Their parts are from steel, braking liner from copper alloy and crank handle from PVC. Hand over the rope winch after putting it out of operation and dismounting the handle to the firm dealing with disposal of waste metal. (At disposal of the handle follow applicable standards for disposal of recyclable plastics).

13 RELATED DOCUMENTATION

EC declaration of conformity

The Operation Manual was elaborated in accordance with following technical regulations, technical standards and national regulations:

- Ministerial order No.24/2003 of the Collection of Law as amended (EP and Council directive 98/37/EC)
- Ministerial order No.23/2003 of the Collection of Law as amended (EP and Council directive 94/9/EC)
- ČSN EN ISO 12100 1
- ČSN EN ISO 12100 2
- ČSN EN 13157
- ČSN EN 1050
- ČSN EN 1127 2
- ČSN EN 1127 1
- ČSN EN 13463 1
- Regulation of CBM (Czech Bureau of Mine) No.22/89 of the Collection of Law
- ČSN 33 2030.

14. FINAL REQUIREMENTS OF THE PRODUCER TO THE CUSTOMER

Any changes of the product, eventually usage of unoriginal spare parts can be realized only based on the approval of the producer.

When not observing this condition the producer does not guarantee safety of his product. In this case, any producer's guarantees <u>do not apply to the product</u>. Quick expendable part, to which the guarantee <u>does not apply</u>, is:

- rope with hook

The guarantee of this part applies only on defects caused demonstrably by the defect of material.



EC Declaration of conformity



Manufacturer

BRANO a.s.

747 41 Hradec nad Moravicí, Opavská 1000 The Czech Republic

ID No.: 45193363 TIN: CZ45193363

We declare under our sole responsibility that the product

Name: Rope winch

Type: LN

Parameters: Load capacity 0,5t; 1t

Description and purpose of use:

Hand-operated hoisting device destined entirely for manual lifting, lowering and pulling of free loads by means of steel rope under normal atmospheric conditions in workplace when observing the specified maximudevice load capacity.

Is in conformity with the following directives and standards:

MO ČR No. 24/2003 of Collection of Laws, RE directive No. 98/37/EC, ČSN EN ISO 12100-1:2004 (EN ISO 12100-1:2003), ČSN EN ISO 12100-2:2004 (EN ISO 12100-2:2003), ČSN EN1050:2001(EN1050:1996), ČSN EN 614-1:1997, ČSN EN 1037:1997, ČSN EN 349:1994, ČSN EN 294:1994, ČSN EN 953:1998

The authorized person having a share in conformity assessment is:

ji

Ing.Zdeněk Pavlíček

Place

Hradec nad Moravicí 1.9.2004

Date

Ing. Alena Šimečková

Director of SBU ZZ

Manager of Q SBU ZZ